# CS688/WST665: Web-Scale Image Retrieval Intro to Object Recognition

# Sung-Eui Yoon (윤성의)

### Course URL: http://sglab.kaist.ac.kr/~sungeui/IR



# What we will learn today?

- Introduction to object recognition
  - Representation
  - Learning
  - Recognition

## What are the different visual recognition tasks?



## **Classification:**

Does this image contain a building? [yes/no]



# **Classification:**

Is this an beach?





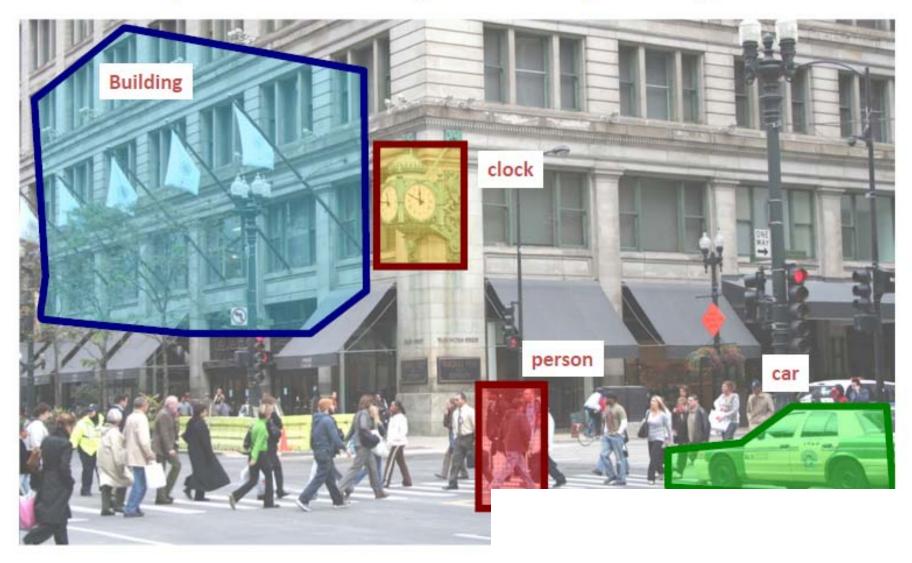
Does this image contain a car? [where?]



Does this image contain a car? [where?]



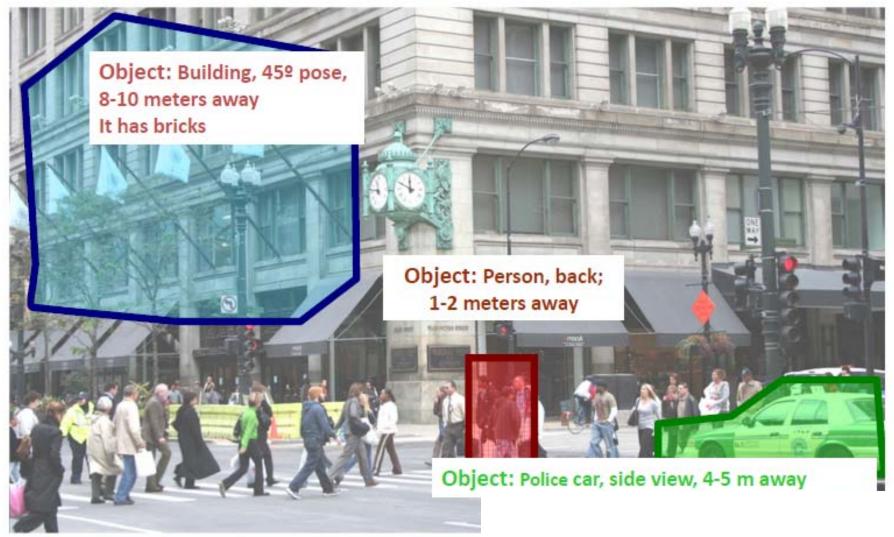
Which object does this image contain? [where?]



### Accurate localization (segmentation)



# **Detection:** Estimating object semantic & geometric attributes



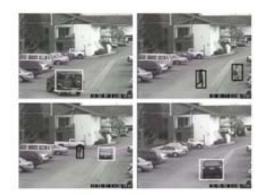
# Applications of Object Recognitions and Image Retrieval



Computational photography



Assistive technologies



Surveillance



Security



Assistive driving

# Categorization vs Single instance recognition

Does this image contain the Chicago Macy building's?



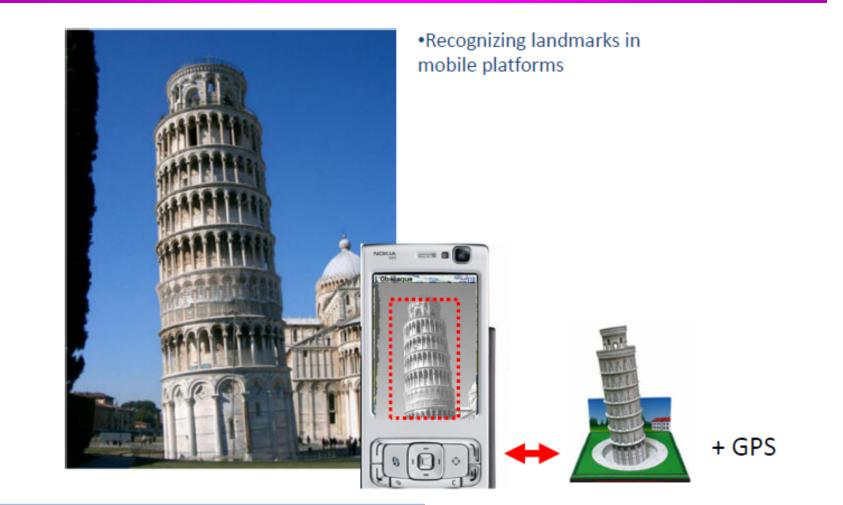
# Categorization vs Single instance recognition

Where is the crunchy nut?





# Applications of Object Recognitions and Image Retrieval



## **Activity or Event recognition**

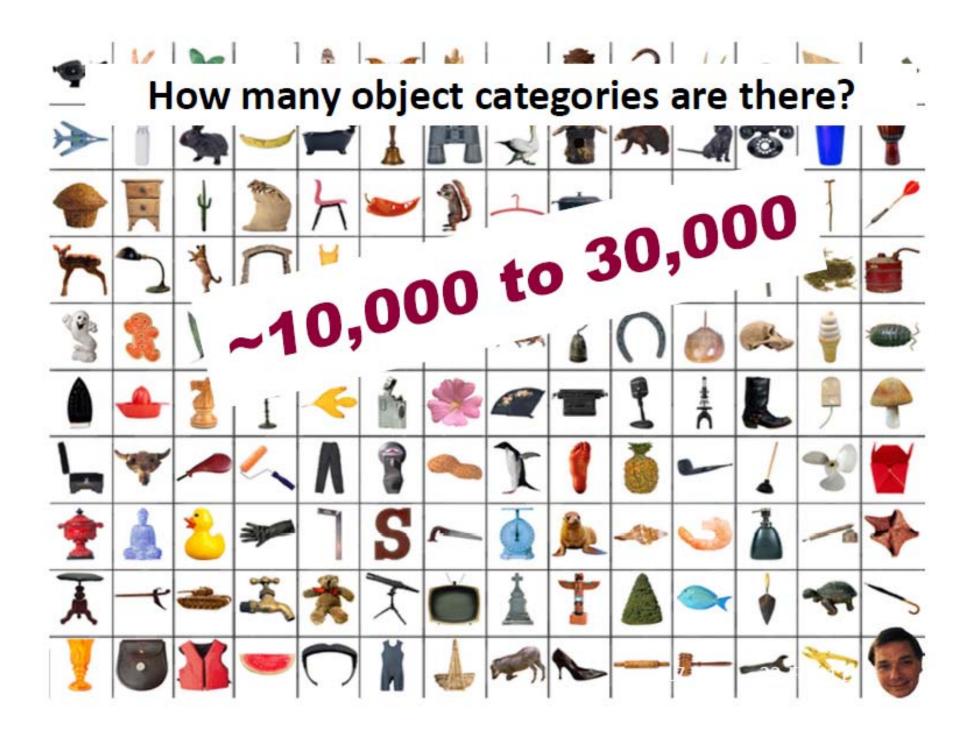
What are these people doing?



# **Visual Recognition**

- Design algorithms that are capable to
  - Classify images or videos
  - Detect and localize objects
  - Estimate semantic and geometrical attributes
  - Classify human activities and events

# Why is this challenging?



## Challenges: viewpoint variation



### Challenges: illumination

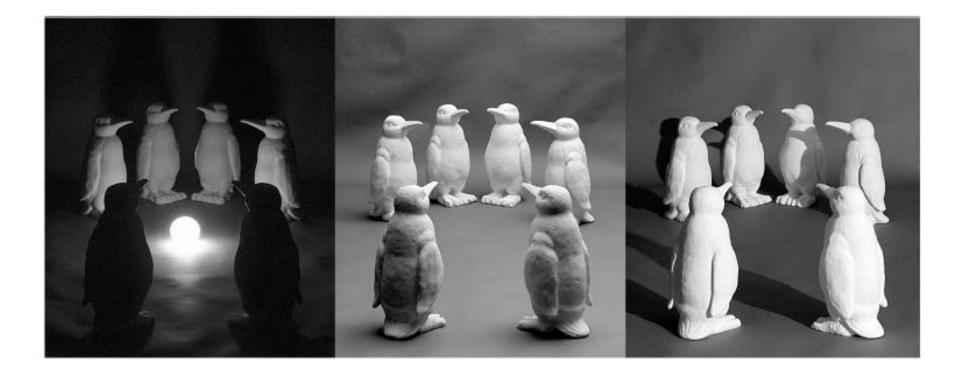


image credit: J. Koenderink

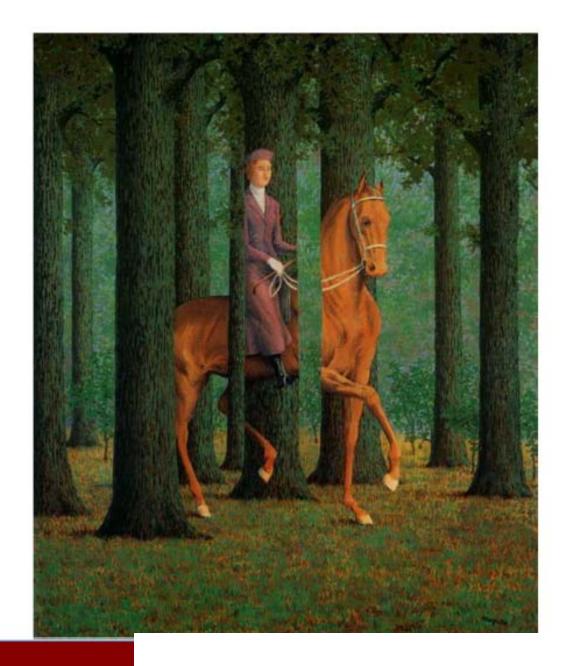
## Challenges: scale



### Challenges: deformation

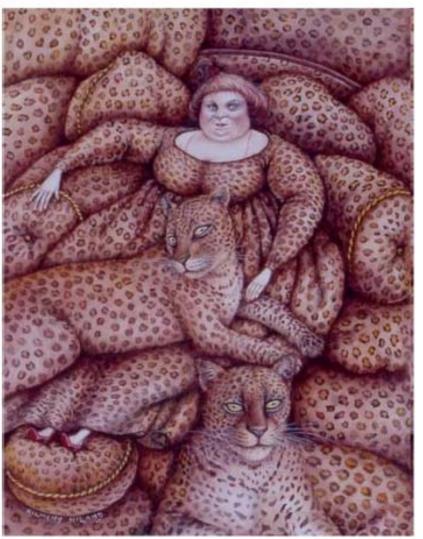


## Challenges: occlusion



Magritte, 1957

## Challenges: background clutter



Kilmeny Niland. 1995

### Challenges: intra-class variation



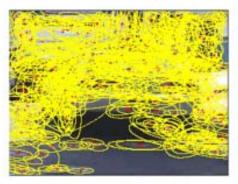
# **Basic issues**

Representation

– How to represent an object category; which classification scheme?

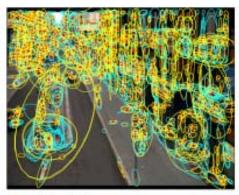
- Learning
  - How to learn the classifier, given training data
- Recognition
  - How the classifier is to be used on novel data

- Building blocks: Sampling strategies



Interest operators



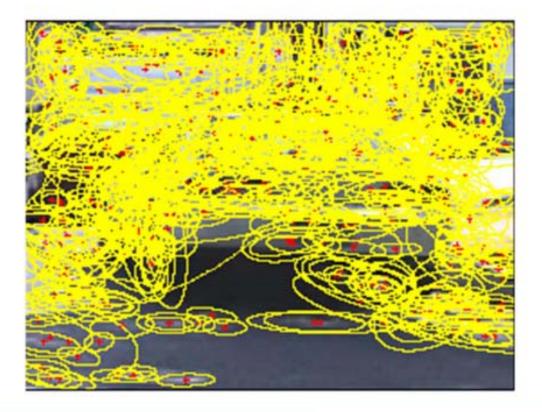


Multiple interest operators

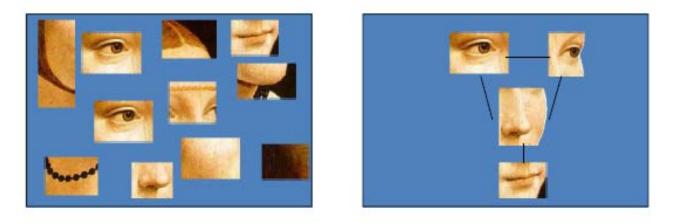


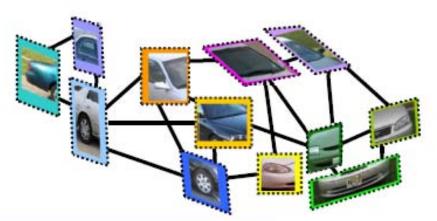
Randomly

 Building blocks: Choice of descriptors [SIFT, HOG, codewords....]



- Appearance only or location and appearance







## -Invariances

- View point
- Illumination
- Occlusion
- Scale
- Deformation
- Clutter
- etc.



- To handle intra-class variability, it is convenient to describe an object categories using probabilistic models
- Object models: Generative vs Discriminative vs hybrid

Object categorization: the statistical viewpoint

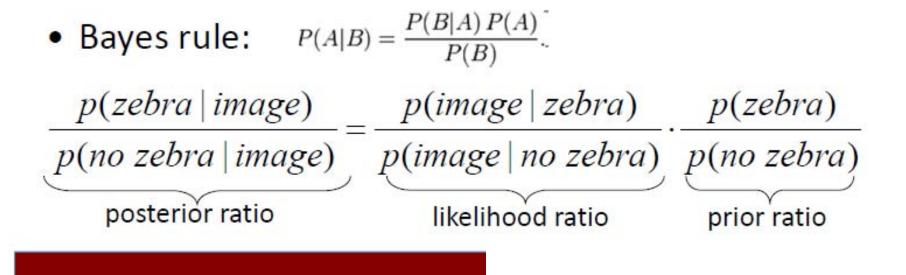


p(zebra | image) vs. p(no zebra | image)

• Bayes rule:  $P(A|B) = \frac{P(B|A)P(A)}{P(B)}$ . p(zebra | image)p(no zebra | image) Object categorization: the statistical viewpoint



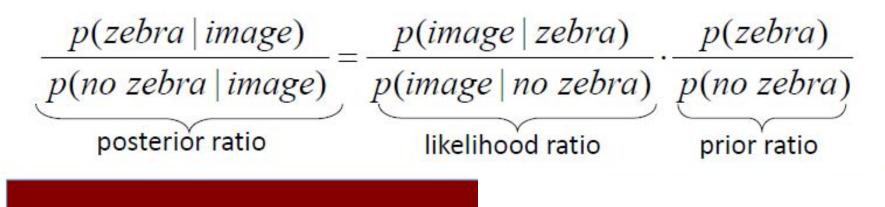
p(zebra | image) vs. p(no zebra | image)



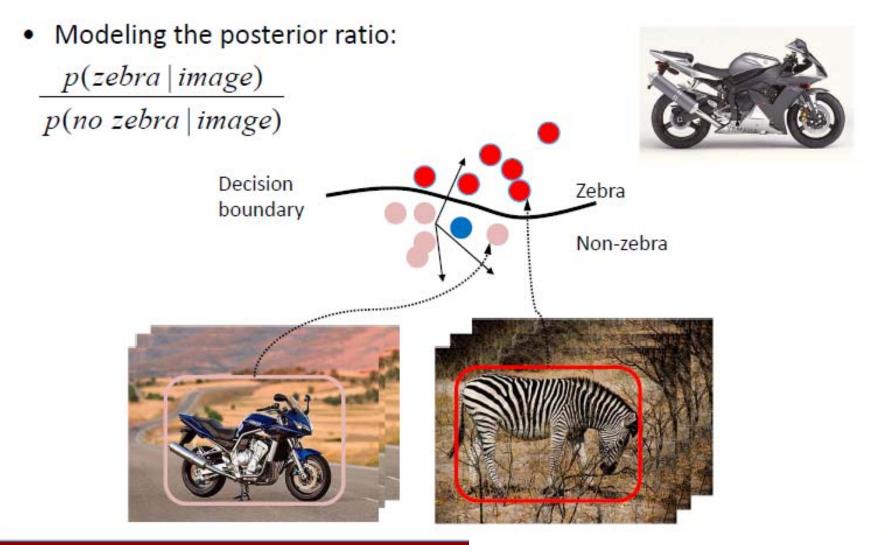
Object categorization: the statistical viewpoint

- Discriminative methods model posterior
- Generative methods model likelihood and prior

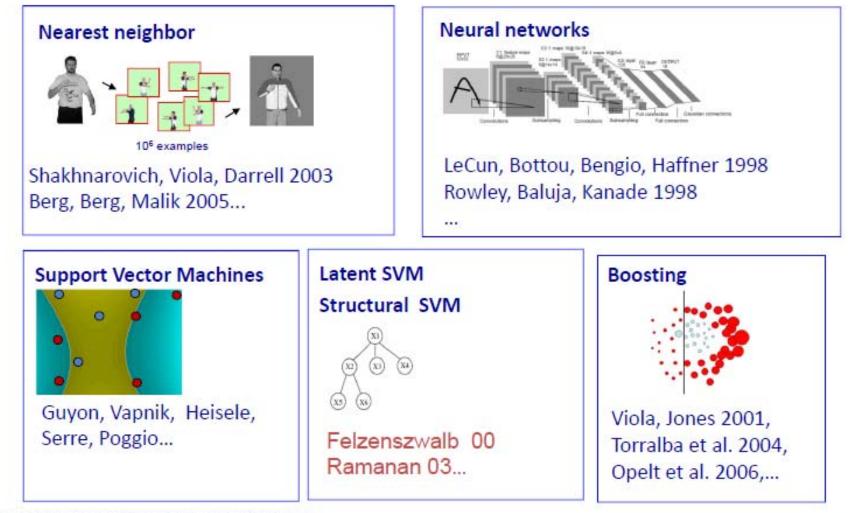
Bayes rule:



# **Discriminative models**



# **Discriminative models**

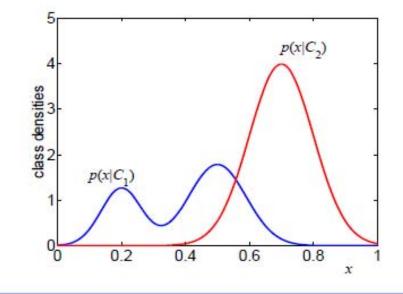


Source: Vittorio Ferrari, Kristen Grauman, Antonio Torralba

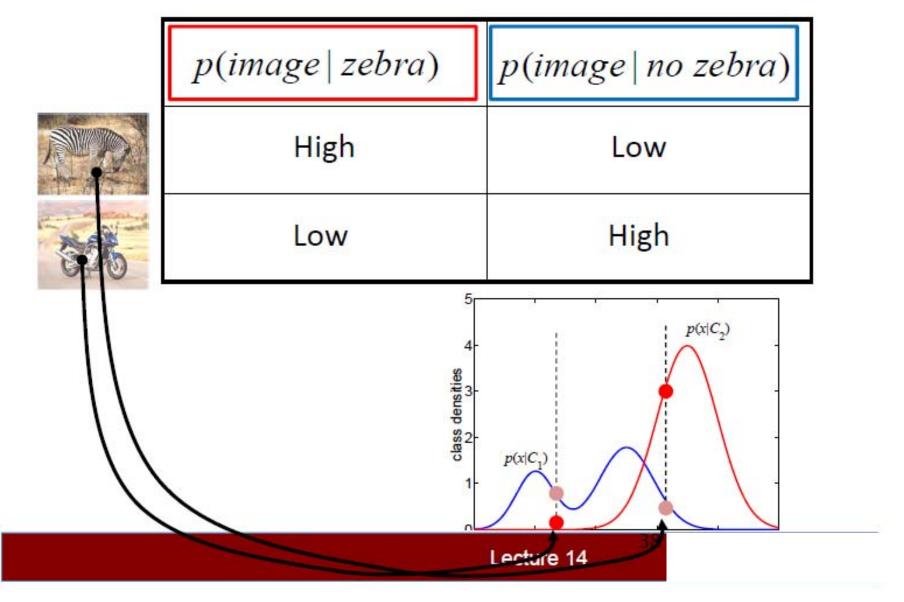
### Generative models

Modeling the likelihood ratio:

p(image | zebra) p(image | no zebra)



### Generative models



### Generative models

- Naïve Bayes classifier
  - Csurka Bray, Dance & Fan, 2004
- Hierarchical Bayesian topic models (e.g. pLSA and LDA)
  - Object categorization: Sivic et al. 2005, Sudderth et al. 2005
  - Natural scene categorization: Fei-Fei et al. 2005
- 2D Part based models
  - Constellation models: Weber et al 2000; Fergus et al 200
  - Star models: ISM (Leibe et al 05)
- 3D part based models:
  - multi-aspects: Sun, et al, 2009

### **Basic issues**

Representation

 How to represent an object category; which classification scheme?

Learning

- How to learn the classifier, given training data

Recognition

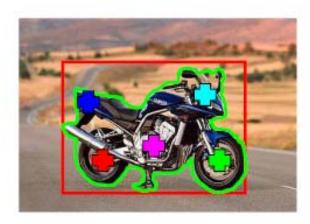
- How the classifier is to be used on novel data

## Learning

 Learning parameters: What are you maximizing? Likelihood (Gen.) or performances on train/validation set (Disc.)

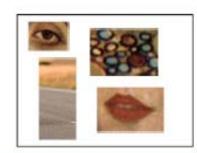
# Learning

- Learning parameters: What are you maximizing? Likelihood (Gen.) or performances on train/validation set (Disc.)
- Level of supervision
  - Manual segmentation; bounding box; image labels; noisy labels
- Batch/incremental
- Priors



# Learning

- Learning parameters: What are you maximizing? Likelihood (Gen.) or performances on train/validation set (Disc.)
- Level of supervision
  - Manual segmentation; bounding box; image labels; noisy labels
- Batch/incremental
- Priors
- Training images:
  - Issue of overfitting
    Negative images for discriminative methods



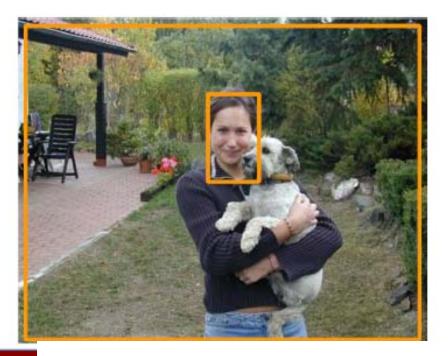




### **Basic issues**

- Representation
  - How to represent an object category; which classification scheme?
- Learning
  - How to learn the classifier, given training data
- Recognition
  - How the classifier is to be used on novel data

- Recognition task: classification, detection, etc..



- Recognition task
- Search strategy: Sliding Windows
  - Simple

Viola, Jones 2001,

- Computational complexity (x,y, S, θ, N of classes)
  - BSW by Lampert et al 08
  - Also, Alexe, et al 10



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- Localization
  - Objects are not boxes



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- Localization

....

- Objects are not boxes
- Prone to false positive

Non max suppression: Canny '86

Desai et al , 2009



- Recognition task
- Search strategy
- Attributes

•Savarese, 2007 •Sun et al 2009 • Liebelt et al., '08, 10 •Farhadi et al 09

#### Category: car Azimuth = 225º Zenith = 30º

It has metal
 it is glossy
 has wheels

•Farhadi et al 09 • Lampert et al 09 • Wang & Forsyth 09

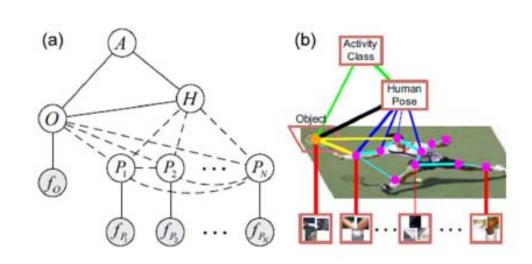
- Recognition task
- Search strategy
- Attributes
- Context

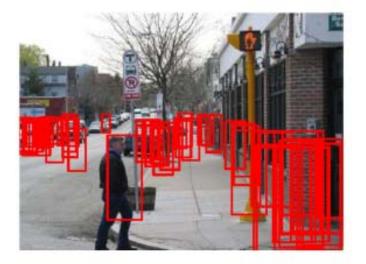
### Semantic:

- Torralba et al 03
- Rabinovich et al 07
- Gupta & Davis 08
- Heitz & Koller 08
- L-J Li et al 08
- Yao & Fei-Fei 10

### Geometric

- Hoiem, et al 06
- Gould et al 09
- Bao, Sun, Savarese 10





### **Basic issues**

- Representation
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### What have we learned today?

- Introduction to object recognition
  - Representation
  - Learning
  - Recognition

### Homework

- Browse papers and choose a paper that you want to present, and a topic that your team will work on
- Propose your paper at Noah board starting from:
  - Oct. 8 (Mon.)
- Final decisions
  - Oct. 16 (Tue.)



### Next Time...

### Bag of visual words approach

